

# THOMAS TIGAR,

EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

OFFICE.—Over P. P. Bailey's Hardware Store, corner of Clinton and Columbia streets, Third Story.

## TERMS:

Two Dollars per annum in Advance; Two Dollars Fifty Cents at the end of Six Months; or Three Dollars at the end of the Year.

No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid up, except at the option of the publisher. Advertisements inserted at One Dollar per Square of Ten Lines, for the first three weeks, and half that rate for subsequent insertions. Liberal allowance made to those who advertise by the year.

## JOB PRINTING

Executed with neatness, accuracy and dispatch on the most reasonable terms.

## FARMING LANDS

For Sale.

THE subscriber will give particular attention to sales of Lands, payment of Taxes, and all other matters pertaining to the business of a General Land Agency.

On Northern Indiana, Henow, Agent for the owners, offers for sale valuable lands in Northern Indiana, viz:—  
Lagrange co. 11,500 Acres. Washburn 169  
Stauben, 710 Miami, 119  
Noble, 1800 Fulton, 732  
Wells, 580 Marshall, 648  
Clinton, 598 Marshall, 648

Also, for sale, 5000 acres in Michigan. Terms of sale will be made favorable to purchasers.

For particulars, apply to the subscriber by letter, (post paid), or at his office in Mason's building, corner of Columbia and Calhoun streets, Fort Wayne, Indiana.

JOSEPH K. EDGERTON.

Fort Wayne, March 8th, 1845.

## Indiana Land Agency.

THE subscriber having at much expense of time and labor prepared themselves for the business of a systematic and General Land Agency, offer their services to the public, for the sale of Lands, payment of Taxes, and all other matters pertaining to the business of a land agency business. Having provided themselves with numerous and accurate maps of the different counties, and of the State, and having personally visited a large portion of Northern Indiana, they are prepared to furnish extensive and accurate information and value of lands, which will be afforded gratuitously to all who may desire such information.

As agents for the owners, they offer for sale large bodies of valuable land, well adapted to farming purposes, situated as follows, viz:

Acreage		Acreage	
Allen County	15509	Noble County	8847
De Kalb	7624	Whitley	7180
Stauben	2863	Huntington	5364
Lagrange	554	Wabash	7703
Dikshart	80	Miami	1367
Kosciusko	5480	Carroll	160
Blackford	2774	Case	640
Jay	420	Fulton	1289
Wells	2360	Marshall	327
Adams	516	White	960

Which land will be sold low for cash; or part cash, the remainder on a reasonable credit.

They also offer for sale

## Several Valuable Improved Farms.

In the Counties of Allen, Huntington and Wabash, and a large number of

## TOWN LOTS.

In Fort Wayne, Huntington, Wabash Town, Lagrange and Peru, which will be sold on the same terms as the above. Prompt attention will be given to all communications from persons desiring to purchase or wishing for information. WORTHINGTON & HUGH.

Attys & Land Agents.

Fort Wayne, July, 1846.

## TAR & ROSIN

For sale in suit for purchase, at the

NIAGARA STORE.

## Land for sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale on accommodation, several valuable tracts of improved and wild lands, situated in Allen county. Persons wishing to settle in this county, would find this a favorable opportunity to procure arms. THOS. HAMILTON.

Nov. 29, 1845.

## Hats and Caps.

HATS, Fine Nutria Fur, Hats Palm Leaf, Plain Fur, " Boys' do, " Broad Brim, " Leghorn, Wool Springs, CAPS, Men's do, " Leghorn, " Boys' do, " Double Ruffled, " Velvet. BARNETT & NELSON.

## B. W. OAKLEY & CO., may be found

at all times at the old stand of B. W. Oakley, on Columbia street, two doors east of J. W. Townley & Co's, where they will continue the manufacture of COPPER, TIN, and SHEET IRON in all its different branches. All work entrusted to them warranted done in the best possible manner.

September 26, 1846.

## 1 CASE of Gents Latest Style of Hair, at

W. SMITH & Co's.

## LOTS of Drapery Muslins, at

W. SMITH & Co's.

## JOHNSON'S Military Shaving Soap, a splendid

article, at W. SMITH & Co's.

## LEGHORN, Straw, and Lawn Bonnets,

Cheaper than ever, at

CHITTENDEN & ORFF.

## 1 CASE Superior Six Cord Spool Thread,

an article hard to find, for sale by

W. SMITH & Co.

## 10,000 SEGARS.—We have just received

choice lots of Segars of different brands. Persons wishing Segars for private use can be accommodated with small boxes of one hundred each.

Nov. 21, 1846. E. D. BARTLETT.

## EDWARD F. COLEBROOK,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.

Will attend to the Collection, Adjustment, Securing of Debts, the Payment of Taxes, Purchase and Sale of Lands, and Examination of Titles in Northern Indiana.

OFFICE—Room No. 1, Court House.

Nov. 17—

## VIOLIN and Guitar Strings,

Steel Pens and Holders,

Letter Paper and Quills.

For sale by cheap by H. B. REED.

May 14, 1847.

## 200 KEGS White Lead, Pure, Extra,

and No. 1, and Lead Oil, Turpentine and Japan Dryer, cheaper than ever.

H. B. REED.

## CASSIMERS Plain and fancy Cassimers

of the latest styles, to be had at

S. HANNA & SONS.

## SPECIAL NOTICE.

ROCHESTER IRON of all varieties, SAN

DERSON'S Cast Steel and German Steel

Nails, Salt, &c, for sale by A. B. MILLER.

Also, Buckskin Mittens and Gloves

also Hosiery Ladies' and gentlemen's b'k

and colored Gloves, a superior article, at

EDSALLS.

Dec. 12

# The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

Vol. 8—No. 12

FORT WAYNE, Indiana, Saturday, September 25, 1847.

Whole No. 762.

## Medical Notice.

DRS. SCHMITZ & WEHMER

HAVING entered into co-partnership

under their professional services to the

city of Fort Wayne and vicinity, in all

branches of

Medicine, Surgery, & Obstetrics.

Office at the residence of Dr. Schmitz, on Calhoun street.

Dr. Wehmer having had long experience in the profession, both in this country and Europe, flatters himself that he will be found competent to give entire satisfaction to all who may entrust themselves under his charge.

CHARLES A. SCHMITZ,

H. WEHMER.

Fort Wayne, June 18, 1847.

3m50.

## DR. G. C. VAUGHN'S ADVERSE

ASSAULT REMEDY, or Vegetable Laxative

Triptic Mixture.—This valuable Panacea is now

being introduced into Europe, the East and

West Indies, South America and all other

parts of the globe, where disease exists in any

form. The United States and the Canada have

for the past three years severely tested the

virtues which this proprietary, upon the introduction

of this medicine, hesitated not to say it possessed

all the virtues of the most powerful cathartics.

In introducing this GREAT VEGETABLE

REMEDY, the most startling discovery

made, on the part of the medicine—

novel was the theory—the principles upon which

the cures were to be effected, that people there

up their hands and cried, what next! Even

credulity started with surprise, and the

most "facile" made themselves merry over

the "new humbug." But mark the result—the

three years have passed away—public opinion

the voice of millions, and more of observing in-

dividuals, have stamped this REMEDY the

most useful, wonderful, incomparable, and

miraculous curative power ever produced.

The GREAT DISEASE, which the proprietor of

this medicine has the presumption to say exists,

and that all various diseases were, but sec-

ondary, has no millions of believers.

They must believe, for they have witnessed the

effect of this restorative. It has conquered ALL

cases, by simply conquering the ONE. The

"Old School" now open their eyes. Their old

dogma, like the modern, by before the

light of truth, and common sense now seeks a

road to health its own way instead of closing

its eyes, and being led. The truth of the prin-

ciple upon which this medicine is established

is the statement of the noblest of men, and

phatically, most decidedly reiterated: This

medicine will drive from the body every dis-

ease which has a name—every disorganization of

the system which can exist. It cures and per-

fects, this medicine will restore the perfect

state of the system. The old calomel, bleeding, and

other systems are about to fall. The proof daily

presenting itself of the truth of our theory, is a

proof to the world, a shapless mass of igno-

rance and deception.

Invaluable to once to this medicine. It is

a strictly vegetable remedy, the product of our

own soil—a compound of twenty-two ingredi-

ents. Each root is its part, and each part its

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## J. M. KITCHEN, M. D.,

Physician, and Operating Surgeon.

Will attend punctually to all calls in the

line of his profession, in Fort Wayne

and vicinity.

He will operate for club-foot, hare-lip, cata-

ract, cross eyes, and all other deformities, where

there may be a prospect of success.

Office with Dr. Thompson, next door to the

office of Dr. Sturgis, on Columbia Street.

July 15, 1847.

## Linsced Oil.



FROM GEN. SCOTT'S ARMY.  
BATTLE OF CONTRERAS AND CHURUBUSCO.  
Total defeat of the Mexicans—General Scott  
camped within two and a half miles of the  
city of Mexico—Armistice between the two  
armies—Negotiations with Mr. Trist for a  
peace commenced.  
The United States steamship Mary Kings-  
land, Capt. John Davis, arrived at an early  
hour this morning. By her we have received  
two letters from Mr. Kendall from the 22d to  
the 28th of August, all dated from Tacubaya.  
A courier dispatched by him on the 20th  
gave the first account of the battle fought on  
that day was cut short by the darkness of  
the night.  
For a map and plan of the battle-fields  
before us, we note that they are called the  
battles of Contreras and Churubusco—so called  
from the names of the enemy's positions.  
The victories were decisive; but as we  
have no judge from a hasty perusal of a  
portion of our letters, the proposition for an  
armistice was made by Gen. Scott, probably  
at the suggestion of the British embassy.  
The report we have hitherto given, that the city  
of Mexico was at our mercy, appears to have  
been unfounded.  
Should peace not follow from the negotia-  
tions now pending, another battle must ensue  
—the enemy having a force of from fifteen to  
twenty thousand men yet left. But the road  
appears to be completely open to us, and the  
city is only two and a half miles from our en-  
campment.  
Our entire loss in killed and wounded is  
short of eleven hundred. Of the enemy, we  
do not well know. It is killed alone, it is  
believed to be fully equal to our entire loss;  
and it is estimated that at least three thou-  
sand prisoners were taken. The number of  
wounded was not ascertained, but is sup-  
posed to be very large. Gen. Scott himself  
was in the manner which Mr. Kendall de-  
scribed. It is a wound in the leg below the knee.  
It is a severe one, and we are led to hope the injury  
is not fatal.  
Editorial correspondence of the Ensigne 11  
Tacubaya, (near Mexico), Aug. 22.  
The celebrated archbishop's palace of Ta-  
cubaya is now occupied by Gen. Scott; and  
a portion of the army, after twice defeating  
the enemy in two of the hardest-fought bat-  
tles, are now encamped in the immediate  
vicinity of it. I have already sent you a  
detailed sketch of the glorious events of the  
20th and even the present letter must be a  
hasty synopsis of the battles, which have  
won such additional glory upon the American  
arms.  
On the 13th instant a reconnaissance made  
by Col. Duncan having proved that a road  
between Tacubaya and Contreras could be cut off  
from Contreras to San Augustin, Gen. Scott's di-  
vision moved on the afternoon of the 15th in that  
direction; Gen. Pillow followed the next  
morning; at the same hour Gen. Quitman  
backed up his encampment. Buena Vista, a  
small hacienda between Contreras, Cuernavaca,  
and Tacubaya, and immediately Gen. Twiggs  
was in motion from the latter place. By this  
move a new line of operations was taken up  
to the southern and northwestern side of the  
city of Mexico; and the strong works of the  
Pamun and Mexicalcingo, upon which Santa  
Anna had based his operations, were now  
in front, were completely turned.  
On the 16th of August, Gen. Worth marched  
on to the hacienda of San Gregorio, be-  
yond which it was found that the enemy had  
cut up and ditched the miserable trail along  
which the artillery and wagons were obliged  
to pass. He would have gone to Santa Cruz,  
but he had a league farther on, had not  
an order come up from General Scott for a  
halt. It seemed that Gen. Twiggs had met  
a large force of the enemy drawn up in front of  
San Juan Chaleo, as if with the intention of  
checking his advance, cutting him off from  
the main body of the army, and perhaps bring-  
ing on a general action. Gen. Twiggs com-  
manded the heavy guns, and he was im-  
mediately ordered to fire on the enemy's  
positions, and after a few discharges the en-  
emy was dispersed, with the loss of five or six  
hundred men. But the demonstrations made by  
the Mexicans, as I have before said, caused a halt  
on Gen. Worth's division before half a day's  
march was made.  
At 10 o'clock on the morning of the 17th  
Gen. Worth resumed his march, his route  
passing through corn-fields and narrow  
creeper lanes, along which carriages had never  
passed before. The filing up of the ditches  
caused some little delay, but by 8 o'clock the  
advance was in sight of Santa Cruz, and the  
hazy and drenched the great capital of Mex-  
ico could be discerned in the distance. The  
operations in the road, of which I have spoken,  
were obviously of recent construction—  
evidence that the enemy had but just got wind  
of our approach, and that Gen. Scott had com-  
pletely taken Santa Anna by surprise.  
Other than the ditches, and the roads which  
had been rolled down from the precipitous  
side, no opposition was made to the ad-  
vance of Gen. Worth until he had reached a  
point in the road not far from Santa Cruz;  
but now a scattering line was opened upon  
the advance of the column by a force stationed  
at advantageous positions above the road to the  
city. The enemy was quickly dispersed how-  
ever, by Col. G. F. Smith's light battalion  
and the 2d artillery under Maj. Galt. As the  
column neared the hacienda of La Nogal the  
advance was again fired upon, but the en-  
emy's position was so weak that the firing was  
a mere form, and beyond La Nogal, and on  
the pleasant village of San Augustin in sight,  
under the Mexicans had two or three lancers  
halted and wounded, our troops had quiet pos-  
session of San Augustin. Our only loss dur-  
ing the day was, one man, a soldier of Smith's  
light battalion, who was wounded in a corn-  
bat near Chichimula.  
At 10 o'clock on the morning of the 18th Gen.  
Scott arrived at San Augustin, and at 10  
o'clock Gen. Worth was in full march for the  
city of Mexico by the main road. Majors  
Smith and Turnbull, Capt. Mason and other  
cavalry units, followed in the rear, and sup-  
ported by Captain Blake's squadron of light  
cavalry, were in force at San Antonio.  
The party, when within a thousand yards,  
was fired upon by a battery, which was  
masked by trees, and the first ball from a 12  
pounder instantly killed Capt. Thornton of  
the 2d dragons, besides several wounding a  
guide, Jonathan Fitzwaters.  
Gen. Garland's brigade was now ordered to  
occupy the hacienda of Carrera, within plain  
sight and range of the enemy's batteries at San  
Antonio, while Col. Clarke's brigade and the  
battery under Col. Graham, took position in  
the rear close by. The engineer officers were  
sent on once out to reconnoitre by General  
Worth, to ascertain the practicability of  
turning the strong works of the enemy; and  
in the meantime General Scott had despatched  
Capt. Lee with a supporting party, com-  
posed of Capt. Lee's own company and a body  
of the 11th infantry, under Col. Graham, to  
ascertain the practicability of finding a road  
by which the village of San Angel could be  
easily, and thus turn the stronghold at San  
Antonio. This latter party had a sharp en-  
counter with the advance of the enemy, the  
main body being described for some other time,  
point not far from the factory of Contreras.  
In the skirmish some six or eight Mexicans  
were killed, and as many more taken prison-  
ers; on our side not a man was touched.  
The result of the reconnaissance proved fa-  
vorable. It was ascertained that a road  
could be made which would enable the army  
to reach San Angel, and thus turn the strong  
batteries at San Antonio, and perhaps others  
a enemy might have upon the road between  
San Antonio and the city of Mexico. The Mexi-

can plainly seen in force at a commanding  
position near Contreras, and it was evident  
that they had a number of cannon in position;  
but at a council held at night, it was deter-  
mined upon to attack them the following day.  
In the mean time, while this reconnaissance  
was in progress, Gen. Worth had established  
his headquarters at the hacienda of Carrera,  
while from the windows countless numbers of  
the enemy could be seen at work upon the  
batteries of San Antonio. About noon they  
opened upon the hacienda with both round  
shot and shell, nearly every one of which took  
effect, but without other injury than to the  
building. Late in the evening the batteries  
again opened, but with no other result than  
daring the position of the different guns.  
For a marvel, the batteries were silent during  
the night. Had the fire been kept up the ha-  
cienda might have been torn in pieces and the  
entire command compelled to retire.  
Before going farther, it may be well to state  
that the city of Mexico lies about nine miles  
nearly north of San Augustin, the distance  
being about three miles in the same direction  
while the point occupied by Gen. Valencia,  
near Contreras, for he had command at that  
place—is at least three miles in a straight line  
and in a direction nearly west. It was ten  
miles the way many of our troops had to  
march, for you can imagine a more rough,  
and jagged surface.  
At eight o'clock on the morning of the 19th,  
the batteries again opened upon Gen. Worth's  
position at the hacienda near San Antonio, the  
balls crashing through the walls and filling the  
rooms with fragments of plaster and broken  
tiles. The shells burst in the rear of the  
buildings, and the pieces dropped among the  
men stationed in the rear. So hot was the  
fire that the troops were obliged to gain shel-  
ter behind the building, but still did not give  
up the position. About nine o'clock the divi-  
sions of Generals Pillow and Twiggs were or-  
dered to advance in the direction of Contreras,  
and by the use of the latter were the pieces  
of the enemy's batteries and within range of  
the heavier guns.  
The brigade of Gen. P. F. Smith was or-  
dered to advance directly towards the en-  
emy's works, while that of Col. Riley moved  
towards a small village to the right, with in-  
termediate the main road, and thus en-  
abled to cut off any reinforcements which might  
be sent to Valencia from the city. An incessant  
firing of cannon was opened upon the ad-  
vance of Gen. Smith, and soon the rifles were  
engaged in skirmishing with the pickets of  
the enemy and driving them in.  
The divisions of Gen. Twiggs and Worth  
were at once engaged, the former with the  
church and stronghold of Churubusco, and the  
latter with the batteries at the bridge; and in  
the meantime Gen. Smith's brigades—the  
New York and South Carolina volunteers—  
together with the 9th, 12th, and 15th regiments  
of infantry and other units, were engaged  
every direction by wide and deep ditches, pre-  
sented obstacles unnumbered to the advance  
of our troops. No reconnaissance of the po-  
sition of the enemy had been made, and con-  
sequently its strength could only be ascertained  
by hard words and blows.  
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church and stronghold of Churubusco, and the  
latter with the batteries at the bridge; and in  
the meantime Gen. Smith's brigades—the  
New York and South Carolina volunteers—  
together with the 9th, 12th, and 15th regiments  
of infantry and other units, were engaged  
every direction by wide and deep ditches, pre-  
sented obstacles unnumbered to the advance  
of our troops. No reconnaissance of the po-  
sition of the enemy had been made, and con-  
sequently its strength could only be ascertained  
by hard words and blows.  
The divisions of Gen. Twiggs and Worth  
were at once engaged, the former with the  
church and stronghold of Churubusco, and the  
latter with the batteries at the bridge; and in  
the meantime Gen. Smith's brigades—the  
New York and South Carolina volunteers—  
together with the 9th, 12th, and 15th regiments  
of infantry and other units, were engaged  
every direction by wide and deep ditches, pre-  
sented obstacles unnumbered to the













the first term of this court, to be began  
at Auburn, on the second Monday of  
February, that they may appear and show  
if any they can, why the said memorial  
should not be granted.

Attest,  
S. W. SPRATT, CLK.  
October 14, '71. [S3 90] 3w10.

FELS.—Every shade and color; also a  
set of beautiful patterns for work.

MRS. DYKES.



ON WASHINGTON FREE CANAL LAND IN  
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA  
TO BE RECEIVED IN FULL PAYMENT OF THE DEBT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA TO THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

NOTICE is hereby given that I will attend to the receipt of said Land Interest at following times and places:

At Huntington	Sept 10
At Huntington	Sept 11
At Huntington	Sept 12
At Huntington	Sept 13
At Huntington	Sept 14
At Huntington	Sept 15
At Huntington	Sept 16
At Huntington	Sept 17
At Huntington	Sept 18
At Huntington	Sept 19
At Huntington	Sept 20
At Huntington	Sept 21
At Huntington	Sept 22
At Huntington	Sept 23
At Huntington	Sept 24
At Huntington	Sept 25
At Huntington	Sept 26
At Huntington	Sept 27
At Huntington	Sept 28
At Huntington	Sept 29
At Huntington	Sept 30

Publishing Times and Place: Be  
 At Huntington Oct. 18,  
 At Cape Cod 1876  
 At the Justice's Hall and receive  
 articles at 100 CENTS of Allen, Koss  
 and Co. and Military  
 and the land owner with produce  
 and the land owner, and to be organized with  
 and amount of money due, is learned re-  
change. The collected lands are only to be at this office.  
J. W. WRIGHT  
 Huntington, Longport July 23, '76.

## Return of the Volunteers from Mexico.

☞ Others follow citizens who have been  
 defending the rights of the country  
 Mexico, are now about returning, covered with  
 glory. Their arrival will cause a general jubilee  
 and celebration of this.

from Mexico.

direction, are now about returning, covered with  
 glory. Their arrival will cause a general jubila-  
 and satisfaction on this

**M. MASON**  
 Has just received his large stock of  
**New Goods!**  
 Consisting of a general assortment of all the latest  
 styles and best qualities. The attention of the  
 public is particularly directed to his stock of

**LINEN ARTICLES.**  
 Which he received in richness, splendor, and  
 elegance of things of the kind ever brought  
 here, or ever dreamed of by other dealers. Es-  
 pecially in the department of bed and chamber  
 linen every thing new and beautiful. All  
 affairs of the best quality, of the latest fashions,  
 and well selected, cheaper than the cheapest.  
 He has also a large assortment of SPANISH, AR-  
 gentine, French, and Italian, Brilliant, Sun-  
 derly goods, silks, &c. &c. which will be  
 sold at the most low rates.

He has also a large stock of Childrens' Bonnets and  
 Bonnets for the latest fashions.

[illegible]

*If I were so highly indebted with gas as some of my neighbors, or as much given to blustering, I might say considerable in proof of my gratitude at this point in the case, I will merely assure the subscribers—especially—to call and view our shop, its good styling, and learn the*

*R. HANSON.*  
1848.

---

FRESH ARRIVAL OF  
**L. L. & S. FOLLEN'S**  
of YOU DEAR FRIENDS

**A** Knowledge of the value of these Pills is a long necessary to bring them into general use as a family medicine. Thousands have ul-

[illegible]

John Lange, Prosecuting Attorney; E. P. O'Conor, Sheriff; W. H. Ketcher, County Recorder; John Rosenbarger, Isaac Maule, Geo. Maule, and Isaac Wiseman, Justices of the Peace, Board of Health, and Board of Education.

[illegible]

## Dissolution of Copartnership.

Dr. Stengas continues the practice of Medicine at his office, 101 West 42nd St., New York City. Those patients who cannot visit him will be promptly answered.

NEW YORK, AUGUST 11, 1947. 1947. 108.

RECORDED—Felix Volkmann, M.D., *Boehringer's*  
*Journal of Medicine*, The

CHARLES E. STURGEON,  
New Worcester, August 25th, 1847. 3c8

**T. M. BANKS**  
CONTINUES the practice of Medicine at  
the Commercial Hotel, St. Louis & Banks,  
Sept. 14th, 1897.  
**Notice to Farmers and**  
**PRODUCE DEALERS.**  
Well understood, I have leased the well  
known GILBY MILL, on Fall Wayne  
containing 1000 bushels and 2000 bushels.

method of selling to all interested that  
are perfected and ready to Flour promptly  
quantity of Flour, on the most reasonable  
terms.

[illegible]

Adm. CHURCHILL, Edison solar lamp  
theaters. Edison's telephone

USE A WEIRD.  
 (U.S. Patent), 100 boxes Pittsburgh, Pa.  
 Ware, comprising a full stock of Orange  
 and Black Ink, and, for sale very cheap  
 July 15. H. B. REED.

